National Australia Bank Limited Shareholder resolutions and supporting statements

Resolution 1 – Amendment to the Constitution

Insert into the Constitution in clause 8 'General meetings' the following new sub-clause 8.3A 'Advisory resolutions': "The Company in general meeting may by ordinary resolution express an opinion or request information about the way in which a power of the Company partially or exclusively vested in the Directors has been or should be exercised. Such a resolution must relate to a material risk identified by the Directors or the Company and cannot advocate action that would violate any law or relate to any personal claim or grievance. Such a resolution is advisory only and does not bind the Directors or the Company".

Resolution 2 – Transition Planning Disclosure

Shareholders note the Company's stated support for the goal of achieving net-zero emissions globally by 2050 (including its commitment "to align its lending portfolio to

net zero emissions by 2050"),¹ along with the publication of the International Energy Agency's Net Zero by 2050 scenario.² Shareholders therefore request the Company disclose, in subsequent annual reporting, information demonstrating how the Company will manage its Fossil Fuel³ exposure in accordance with a scenario in which global emissions reach net-zero by 2050. This information should include:

- A commitment to no longer provide Banking and Financing⁴ where proceeds would be used for new Fossil Fuel projects; and
- Targets to reduce Fossil Fuel exposure consistent with net-zero by 2050.

¹ Annual Financial Report 2020, National Australia Bank, p.42

² 'Net Zero by 2050', International Energy Agency, May 2021

³ Upstream, midstream and downstream oil and gas; coal mining and transport (including haulage and ports); coal, oil and gas power generation

⁴ Corporate lending, bonds, hybrids, syndicated loans, US private placements and securitisation, project finance, asset finance, acquisition and leveraged finance, export credit agency, debt capital markets and advisory, as listed by NAB:

https://www.nab.com.au/corporate/specialist-solutions/financing-corporate-growth;

https://www.nab.com.au/corporate/specialist-solutions/specialised-financing-solutions

Supporting Statement 1

Shareholder resolutions are a healthy part of corporate democracy in many jurisdictions other than Australia. For example, in the UK shareholders can consider resolutions seeking to explicitly direct the conduct of the board. In the US, New Zealand and Canada shareholders can consider resolutions seeking to advise their board as to how it should act. As a matter of practice, typically, unless the board permits it, Australian shareholders cannot follow the example of their UK, US, New Zealand or Canadian cousins in this respect.

A board of Directors is a steward for shareholders and accountability for the discharge of that stewardship is essential to long-term corporate prosperity.

In rare situations the appropriate course of action for shareholders dissatisfied with the conduct of board members is to seek to remove them. But in many situations such a personality-focused approach is unproductive and unwarranted. In those situations a better course of action is to formally and publicly allow shareholders the opportunity at shareholder meetings such as the AGM to alert board members that the shareholders seek more information or favour a particular approach to corporate policy.

The Constitution of NAB is not conducive to the rights of shareholders to place resolutions on the agenda of a shareholder meeting.

In our view, this is contrary to the long-term interests of NAB, the NAB board and all NAB shareholders.

Passage of this resolution – to amend the NAB constitution – will simply put the company in a similar position in regard to shareholder resolutions as any listed company in the UK, US, Canada or New Zealand.

We encourage shareholders to vote in favour of this resolution.

Supporting Statement 2

Despite committing to the climate goals of the Paris Agreement and achieving net-zero emissions by 2050, NAB is aligning its investment practices and policies with the failure of these goals.